Agenda Item #: 5A-

PALM BEACH COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

Meeting Date:	<u>August 18, 2015</u>	[]	Consent	[x]	Regular
Department Submitted By: Submitted For:	County Attorney's Office Office of Equal Opportunity	[]	Ordinance	[]	Public Hearing
	I. EXECUTIVE BR	RIEF			
Board of County (County Code, Chap of Public Accomm providing for repea	: Staff recommends motion lic hearing on September 22, 2 Commissioners of Palm Beach pter 15, Article III, The Palm Beach odation; by expanding the defined of laws in conflict; providing for an expanding for an	2 015, County ach Cou inition c	at 9:30 a. The Florida, ame The Third of the Place of the Science of the Scienc	m.: ar ending for Ho	on Ordinance of the the Palm Beach pusing and Places
is necessary to am outlined in the ordi	irrent Housing and Places of Pu 14. Based on the need to provious send ordinance to expand the de nance. The League of Cities has Equal Employment/Fair Housing ontywide (DRO)	de additi finition o s no opr	ional coverage of a Place of P position to the	to ag ublic <i>F</i>	grieved persons, it Accommodation as sed amendment to
and equal opportunities repealed and into substantial of	Policy Issues: The County fir ordinance in 1990 to protect the nity and access in housing and replaced to bring the Housing arcompliance with the Federal Finds the definition of a Place of eved persons.	interest public a nd Place air Ho	of its citizens ecommodation es of Public Ac using Act. Tl	regar . In 2 comm	ding fair treatment 014 the ordinance odation Ordinance
Attachments:					
1) Propose 2) Propose	ed Ordinance revisions (without ded ed Ordinance revisions (with delin	elineations	ons).).		
Recommended by	:County Attorney	an	Date	7/2	2/15
Approved by:	N/A		Date		

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II. FISCAL IMPACT ANALYSIS

A. Fi	ve Year Summary of Fisc	al Impact				
F	iscal Years	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018	2019
Opera Extern Progr	al Expenditures ating Costs nal Revenues am Income (County) ad Match (County)					
Ne	t Fiscal Impact	**				
POS Is Ite	DITIONAL FTE ITIONS (Cumulative) m Included In Current Buret et Account Exp No: Fund Rev No: Fund					C
В.	Recommended Sourc	es of Funds/Su	ımmary of Fis	cal Impact:		
	**NO FISCAL IMPACT	– indeterminab	le at this time			
C.	Departmental Fiscal R	Review:				
		III. REVIEW C	OMMENTS			
A. B.	OFMB Fiscal and/or Company OFMB が OFMB を Management of Company OFMB OFMB OFMB OFMB OFMB OFMB OFMB OFMB	ontract Dev. a			<u>ler 7-</u> 29-	15
Б.	Assistant County Att	orney OHZ				
C.	Other Department Re	view:				

Department Director

Ţ	ORDINANCE NO. 2015-
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA, AMENDING PALM BEACH COUNTY CODE, CHAPTER 15 ARTICLE III, CODIFYING ORDINANCE NO. 2014-019, THE PALM BEACH COUNTY ORDINANCE FOR EQUAL OPPORTUNITY TO HOUSING AND PLACES OF PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION; AMENDING THE DEFINITION OF PLACE OF PUBLIC ACCOMMODATIONS PROVIDING FOR REPEAL OF LAWS IN CONFLICT; PROVIDING FOR SAVINGS CLAUSE; PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE OF LAWS AND ORDINANCES; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
15	WHEREAS, Section 125.01 Florida Statutes, as amended, authorizes the Board of County
16	Commissioners of Palm Beach County to provide and maintain for the citizens and visitors of said County,
17	standards which will ensure their health, wealth, and well being; and
18	WHEREAS, Section 125.01 Florida Statutes, as amended, provides that the Board of County
19	Commissioners of Palm Beach County may adopt ordinances and resolutions as may be necessary to the
20	exercise of their powers; and
21	WHEREAS, it is the public policy of the United States of America to provide for fair housing and
22	access to public accommodations throughout the United States and the policy of Palm Beach County,
23	Florida, to also so provide; and
24	WHEREAS, discrimination in housing and in places of public accommodation deprives
25	individuals of their basic right to associate, causes friction among groups in society, and adversely affects
26	the public health, safety, and welfare; and
27	WHEREAS, since the Board of County Commissioners originally enacted the Housing and Places
28	of Public Accommodation Ordinance No. 90-1, it has been necessary to amend it from time to time in
29	order to best serve the citizens and visitors of Palm Beach County and provide for their general safety and
30	welfare; and
31	WHEREAS, a Fair Housing Board was established in 1990, to assist, advise and cooperate with
32	the Board of County Commissioners and local, state and federal agencies to protect the interest of the
33	public regarding fair treatment and equal opportunity and access in housing and public accommodation
34	and to carry out adjudicatory functions pertaining to alleged unlawful discriminatory acts or practices; and
35	WHEREAS, it is necessary to amend the Ordinance to expand the definition of a Place of
36	Public Accommodation to provide additional coverage for aggrieved persons.

38	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY
39	COMMISSIONERS OF PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA, THAT: Chapter 15, Article
40	III, of the Palm Beach County Code, "Housing, Places of Public Accommodation," (Ordinance
41	No. 2014-019, as amended), is hereby amended as follows:
42	Section 15-37 Definitions.
43	When used herein:
44	(1) Person includes one (1) or more individuals, partnerships, associations, corporations,
45	unincorporated organizations, legal representatives, trustees and trusts, trustees in
46	bankruptcy, labor organizations, mutual companies, joint-stock companies, receivers,
47	or fiduciaries.
48	(2) The term unlawful discriminatory practice includes only those practices specified in
49	sections 15-57 through 15-61 hereof.
50	(3) The term Board, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context,
51	means the Fair Housing Board, created by section 15-39.
52	(4) Place of public accommodation shall include the following establishments:
53	a. Any inn, hotel, motel or other establishment which provides lodging to transient
54	guests, other than an establishment located within a building which contains not
55	more than five (5) rooms for rent or hire and which is actually occupied by the
56	proprietor of such establishment as his/her residence;
57	b. Any restaurant, bar, cafeteria, lunchroom, lunch counter, soda fountain, or
58	other facility principally engaged in selling food for consumption on the
59	premises, including but not limited to any such facility located on the premises
60	of any retail establishment;
61	c. Any motion picture house, theater, concert hall, sports arena, stadium or other
62	place of exhibition or entertainment;
63	d. An auditorium, convention center, lecture hall or other place of public gathering;
64	e. A bakery, grocery store, clothing store, hardware store, shopping center, or other
65	sales or retail establishment;
66	f. A Laundromat, dry-cleaner, bank, barber shop, beauty shop, travel service, shoe
67	repair service, funeral parlor, gas station, office of an accountant or lawyer,
68	pharmacy, insurance office, health care provider, hospital or other service

69	establishment;
70	g. A terminal, depot or other station used for a specified public transportation
71	including but not limited to taxis, limousines and buses;
72	h. A museum, library, gallery or other place of public display or collection;
73	i. A park, zoo, amusement park or other place of recreation;
74	j. A nursery, elementary, secondary, undergraduate or postgraduate private school, or
75	other place of education;
76	k. A day care center, senior citizen center, homeless shelter, food bank, adoption
77	agency or other social service center establishment;
78	l. A gymnasium, health spa, bowling alley, golf course, or other place of exercise or
79	recreation;
80	m. Any area or structure provided for the purpose of storing personal property; and,
81	n. Any establishment:
82	(i) 1. Which is physically located within the premises of any establishment
83	otherwise covered by this subsection; or
84	2. Within the premises of which is physically located any such covered
85	establishment; and
86	(ii) Which holds itself out as serving patrons of such covered establishment. Such
87	term shall not include any institution, club or place of accommodation which
88	is in its nature distinctly private and not in fact open to the public.
89	(5) Dwelling or housing means any real property, building, mobile home or trailer,
90	structure or portion thereof which is used or occupied as, or is intended, arranged or
91	designed to be used or occupied as, the home, residence or sleeping place of one (1)
92	or more families, and any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for the
93	construction or location thereon of any such building, structure or portion thereof.
94	(6) To rent includes to lease, to sublease, to let and otherwise to grant for a consideration
95	the right to occupy premises not owned by the occupant.
96	(7) The term family includes the grandparents, parents, children, brothers and sisters,
97	whether by marriage, legal adoption or blood, and their spouses and children, of
98	either the property owner or spouse of the property owner; and the term "family"

99	also includes a single individual.
00	(8) The term <i>complainant</i> shall mean the person filing the complaint pursuant to this
01	article.
102	(9) The term <i>respondent</i> shall mean the person or other entity accused in the complaint of
103	an unlawful discriminatory practice and any other person or entity identified in the
104	course of investigation not named as a respondent in the initial complaint who may
105	be joined as an additional or substitute respondent upon written notice.
106	(10) Disability means with respect to a person:
107	a. A physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one (1) or more of
108	such person's major life activities.
109	b. A record of such an impairment; or
110	c. Being regarded as having such an impairment.
111	d. Disability does not include the current illegal use or addiction to a controlled
112	substance (as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substance Act
113	(21U.S.C.802).
114	e. As used throughout this article, prohibitions against discrimination on the basis of
115	disability includes disabilities of the patron, buyer or renter, or of a person
116	residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is sold, rented, or
117	made available or of any person associated with the buyer, or renter or
118	patron.
119	(11) Familial status means one (1) or more individuals (who have not attained the age of
120	eighteen (18) years being domiciled with:
121	a. A parent or another person having legal custody of such individual or individuals;
122	or
123	b. The designee of such parent or other person having such custody, with the
124	written permission of such parent or other person. The protection afforded
125	against discrimination on the basis of familial status shall apply to any person who
126	is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any individual who has
127	not attained the age of eighteen (18) years.
128	(12) Sexual orientation means male or female homosexuality, heterosexuality or
129	bisexuality, by preference or practice.

130	(13) Conciliation means the attempted resolution of issues raised by the complaint, or by
131	the investigation of such complaint, through informal negotiations involving the
132	complainant, the respondent, and the Office of Equal Opportunity.
133	(14) Conciliation agreement means a written agreement setting forth the resolution of the
134	issues in conciliation.
135	(15) Prevailing party has the same meaning as such term has in section 722 of the
136	Revised Statutes of the United States (42 U.S.C. 1988).
137	(16) Multifamily dwelling means:
138	a. Buildings consisting of four (4) or more units if such buildings have one (1) or
139	more elevators; and
140	b. Ground floor units in other buildings consisting of four (4) or more units.
141	(17) Residential real estate related transaction means any of the following:
142	a. The making or purchasing of loans or providing other financial assistance:
143	(i) for purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing or maintaining a dwelling; or
144	(ii) secured by residential real estate.
145	b. The selling, brokering or appraising of residential real property.
146	c. Nothing in this article prohibits a person engaged in the business of furnishing
147	appraisals of real property to take into consideration factors other than race, sex,
148	color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age,
149	marital status, or gender identity or expression.
150	(18) Housing for older persons means housing:
151	a. Provided under any state or federal program that the OEO or the Board
152	determines is specifically designed and operated to assist elderly persons, as
153	defined in the state or federal program; or
154	b. Intended for, and solely occupied by, persons sixty-two (62) years of age or
155	older; or
156	c. Intended and operated for occupancy by at least one (1) person fifty-five (55)
157	years of age or older per unit in eighty (80) percent of the units, provided that the
158	occupancy of such housing can be verified in accordance with rules
159	established by the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and

- provided that the housing facility publishes and adheres to policies and procedures
 that demonstrate the intent to provide housing for older persons.

 d. Housing shall not fail to be considered housing for older persons if:
 - (i) A narrow who recides in each housing on an effect Contember 12, 10
 - (i) A person who resides in such housing on or after September 13, 1988, does not meet the age requirements of this subsection provided that any new occupant meets such age requirements; or
- 166 (ii) One (1) or more units are unoccupied, provided that any unoccupied units are
 167 reserved for occupancy by persons who meet the age requirements of this
 168 subsection.
 - e. In determining whether housing meets the requirements of housing for older persons, the County will utilize current federal regulations regarding criteria for housing for older persons.
 - (19) Gender identity or expression means a gender-related identity, appearance, expression or behavior of an individual, regardless of the individual's assigned sex at birth.
 - (20) OEO means the Palm Beach County Office of Equal Opportunity.
- 175 (21) *Director* means the director of the OEO.

Section 15-38 Office of Equal Opportunity (OEO).

The County Administrator exercising his/her power of appointment shall employ a Director ("Director") of the OEO and such other personnel in the OEO as may be provided for in the budget approved by the Board of County Commissioners and for which an appropriation has been made. The staffing complement shall be referred to as the OEO. It shall be the responsibility of the Director and/or the Director's designee to investigate complaints of discrimination prohibited by this article, attempt to conciliate and mediate complaints of discrimination, and to perform such other duties of an administrative nature as may be assigned by the County Administrator.

Section 15-39 Fair Housing Board (Board).

The Board is hereby created and established. The Board is to be comprised of nine (9) citizens of the county appointed by the Board of County Commissioners to serve for terms of three (3) years. There shall be a limit of three consecutive three-year terms. Terms shall begin on October 1st, and end on September 30th. All Board members must be residents of Palm Beach County at the time of appointment and while serving on the Board. Board appointments should reflect, to the greatest extent

possible, the racial, gender and ethnic make-up of the community. Members of this Board shall be the same as members of the Equal Employment Board created by the Palm Beach County Equal Employment Ordinance as codified in Sections 2-261 – 2-313 of the Palm Beach County Code. Seven (7) of the appointments shall be made as district appointments and two (2) of the appointments shall be made at large by the Board of County Commissioners on the basis of community representation, integrity, experience and interest in the area of equal opportunities. In order that the terms of office of all members shall not expire at the same time, all current members of the Board shall serve the remainder of their respective terms, if they so elect. Any member who elects not to serve the remainder of their term shall be replaced by appointments made by the Board of County Commissioners to serve the unexpired portion of the term. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments for the remainder of the vacant term. Each member shall serve without compensation. Travel reimbursement is limited to expenses incurred only for travel outside Palm Beach County necessary to fulfill Board member responsibilities when sufficient funds have been budgeted and are available as set forth in PPM CW-O-038. No other expenses are reimbursable except documented long distance phone calls to the OEO. Approval authority for pre-authorized Board member travel is designated to the County Administrator and Deputy County Administrator and shall be in accordance with Countywide Policy and Procedures Memoranda (PPM) CW-F-009. Each district appointee serves at the pleasure of the appointing Commissioner and may be removed without cause by the appointing Commissioner at any time, and at large appointees may be removed without cause by a majority vote of the Board of County Commissioners at any time. The maximum number of boards that an individual appointed by the Board of County Commissioners may serve on at one time shall be three (3), however, membership on the Equal Employment Board and this Board shall only be considered membership on one (1) advisory board. Members shall comply with the applicable provisions of the Palm Beach County Code of Ethics, as codified in Section 2-441 through 2-448 of the Palm Beach County Code and the State Code of Ethics. Abstention from voting due to a conflict of interest on more than three (3) separate matters during a calendar year shall result in automatic removal. Members shall be automatically removed for lack of attendance. Lack of attendance is defined as failure to attend three (3) consecutive meetings or failure to attend more than one-half (1/2) of the meetings scheduled during a calendar year. Participation for less than three fourths (3/4) of a meeting shall be the same as failure to attend a meeting. Members removed pursuant to this paragraph shall not continue to serve on the Board and such removal shall create a vacancy. Board members shall not be prohibited from qualifying as a candidate for elected office. County employees, other

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than Commissioners' Aides, may not be appointed to the Board. Former Board of County Commission members may not be appointed to the Board for at least two (2) years following their last day in office as a County Commissioner. Members of the Board shall appoint a chairperson and vice-chairperson, and the Board may promulgate rules and regulations for the conduct of its meetings and affairs.

Section 15-40 Board terms, rules and regulations.

The following rules and regulations shall govern the operation of the Board:

- (1) The chairperson of the Board shall be elected by majority vote of the Board and shall serve for a term of one (1) year and have the following duties:
 - a. Call Board meetings and set the agenda for the same.
- b. Preside at Board meetings.
- c. Sign subpoenas.

- d. Perform such other functions as the Board may assign by rule or order.
 - (2) The vice-chairperson shall be elected by majority vote of the Board and shall serve for a term of one (1) year. The vice-chairperson shall perform the duties of the chairperson in the chairperson's absence and such other duties as the chairperson may assign.
 - (3) If a vacancy occurs in the office of chairperson, the vice-chairperson shall become the chairperson for the unexpired term of the chairperson. If a vacancy occurs in the office of vice-chairperson, the Board will elect another member to fill the unexpired term of the vice-chairperson.
 - (4) At least three (3) members of the Board or any other odd number shall constitute a hearing panel for the purpose of hearing discrimination complaints. A majority of members appointed shall constitute a quorum to hold a meeting for any other purpose. Board business shall be taken by a majority vote.
 - (5) All meetings shall be governed by Robert's Rules of Order.

Section 15-41 Board meetings.

The Board shall comply with the Sunshine Law. The Board shall meet on a regular basis and as necessary to conduct administrative hearings. Reasonable notice of the time and place of the meeting shall be given to all Board members and all parties scheduled to be heard,

and shall be made public. All meetings of the Board shall be open to the public. The chairperson may call an unscheduled meeting upon not less than twenty-four (24) hours notice, and preferably at least seventy-two (72) hours reasonable notice to the public, and meetings may also be called by the Director upon the request of three (3) members of the Board. The County Administrator shall provide such staff as may reasonably be required in his/her discretion to assist the Board in the performance of its duties. The County Administrator shall provide a regular meeting place for the Board.

Section 15-42 Objectives of the Board.

The objectives of the Board shall be:

- (1) To promote and encourage fair treatment and equal opportunity in housing and public accommodation for all persons regardless of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status, or gender identity or expression; to promote and encourage mutual understanding and respect among such persons and to endeavor to eliminate discrimination in housing and public accommodation against and antagonism between such persons;
- (2) To cooperate with governmental and nongovernmental agencies and organizations having like or kindred functions;
- (3) To make such investigations and studies in the field of fair housing and public accommodation as in its judgment will aid in effectuating its general purposes;
- (4) To assist various groups and agencies of the community to cooperate in educational programs and campaigns devoted to the elimination of discrimination in housing and places of public accommodation;
- (5) To aid in permitting the County to benefit from the fullest realization of its housing and public accommodation resources;
- (6) To recommend to the Board of County Commissioners the acceptance of certain grants and contracts from foundations and other sources for the purposes of carrying out the purposes of this article; and,
- (7) To recommend to the Board of County Commissioners methods for elimination of discrimination and intergroup tensions. The objectives set forth above are not to be construed as duties, and the Board of County Commissioners shall have the discretion to determine when each objective is implemented.

285	The powers and duties of the Board shall be:
286	(1) To refer or accept referral of complaints when appropriate and to cause, through
287	the OEO, investigations of:
288	a. Tension or prejudice in relation to all housing and public accommodation
289	matters involving race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial
290	status, sexual orientation, age, marital status, or gender identity or expression.
291	b. Discrimination against any person by any person with regard to housing and
292	public accommodation matters on the basis of race, sex, color, religion, national
293	origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status, or
294	gender identity or expression.
295	(2) To receive, initiate, seek to conciliate, hold hearings upon and adjudicate
296	complaints alleging violations of this article; to recommend methods and alternatives
297	for eliminating injustices occasioned thereby to carry out and enforce the
298	purpose of this article.
299	(3) To administer oaths, subpoena witnesses, and compel production of evidence
300	pertaining to any hearing convened pursuant to the powers and duties authorized by
301	this article.
302	(4) To subpoena witnesses and compel production of evidence requested by the OEO
303	relating to an investigation being conducted pursuant to this article.
304	(5) To meet and exercise its power in any place within the county.
305	(6) To issue remedial orders prohibiting violations of this article and providing
306	affirmative relief from the effects of the violation as specified in section 15-55.
307	Section 15-44 Powers and duties of the Director.
308	The powers and duties of the Director and/or the Director's designee shall be:
309	(1) To investigate:
310	a. Tension or prejudice in relation to all housing and public accommodation
311	matters involving race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial
312	status, sexual orientation, age, marital status, or gender identity or expression.
313	b. Discrimination against any person by any person with regard to housing and

Section 15-43 Powers and duties of the Board.

- public accommodation matters on the basis of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status, or gender identity or expression.
- (2) To have access during an investigation, at all reasonable times, to premises, and may examine records, documents, and other evidence or possible sources of evidence, and record the testimony or statements of such persons as are reasonably necessary for the furtherance of the investigation provided that the Director and/or the Director's designee complies with the provisions of the federal and state constitutions relating to unreasonable searches and seizures.
- (3) To attempt to conciliate and mediate complaints of discrimination brought pursuant to this article.
- (4) To prepare conciliation agreements embodying any agreement reached by the parties relating to the complaint, and advise the Board of such agreement.
- (5) To dismiss complaints of discrimination upon a finding of no reasonable cause under this article.
- (6) To administer oaths.

(7) To exercise all powers reasonable and necessary to fulfill the purposes of this article.

Section 15-45 Filing of complaints.

Any person who claims to have been injured by an unlawful discriminatory practice or who believes that he/she will be injured by an unlawful discriminatory practice that is about to occur may file a sworn written complaint with the OEO, which shall state the name and address of the complainant and the person or persons against whom the complaint is made. It shall also state the facts surrounding the alleged unlawful discriminatory practice and such other information as may be required by the OEO. The Director, with the Board's approval, may also file such a complaint. The complaint shall be filed not later than one (1) year after the date of the alleged unlawful discriminatory practice in order to be processed under this article. The complaint may be reasonably and fairly amended at any time.

Section 15-46 Notice of complaint.

Upon the filing of the complaint, the Director shall serve notice upon the aggrieved person acknowledging such filing and advising the aggrieved person of the time limits and choice of forums provided under this article. The Director or the Director's designee shall, not

later than ten (10) days after such filing or the identification of an additional respondent, serve on the respondent a notice, by certified mail, identifying the alleged discriminatory housing practice and advising such respondent of the procedural rights and obligations of respondents under this article, together with a copy of the original complaint. The respondent may file a sworn written answer to the complaint within ten (10) days of receipt of the complaint. Failure to file an answer by the respondent shall not result in any presumption of admission to the allegations in the complaint. Any subsequent amendment to the complaint or answer thereto shall be served by U.S. mail.

Section 15-47 Processing complaints.

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The OEO shall commence its investigation under this article within thirty (30) days of the receipt of a sworn written complaint. Within one hundred (100) days of the filing of the complaint as set forth in section 15-45, the staff of the OEO shall make such investigation as the Director deems appropriate to ascertain facts and issues. If the OEO is unable to complete the investigation within one hundred (100) days after the filing of the complaint, they shall notify the complainant and the respondent in writing of the reasons for not doing so. In conducting an investigation to ascertain whether or not there has been a violation of this article, the Director and/or the Director's designee shall have access at all reasonable times to premises, and may examine records, documents, and other evidence, or possible sources of evidence, and may record the testimony or statements of such persons as are reasonably necessary for the furtherance of the investigation provided that the OEO complies with the provisions of the federal and state constitutions relating to unreasonable searches and seizures. The Director, the Director's designee or the Board may issue subpoenas to compel access to, or the production of, such materials, or the appearance of such persons, and may issue interrogatories to a respondent to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the subpoenas or interrogatories were issued or served in aid of a civil action in court. In the case of a refusal to obey a subpoena issued to any person, or refusal to comply with any method of discovery authorized in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, the Board and/or the Director shall request the County Attorney to make application to the appropriate court to order the witness to comply with a request for discovery, or to appear before the Board and to produce evidence, if so requested, or to give testimony concerning the matter in question. Failure to obey the order may be punishable by the court as contempt. The Director and/or the Board may administer oaths. The OEO shall endeavor to achieve final administrative disposition of the complaint within one (1) year of its filing, unless it is impracticable to do so. If final administrative disposition is impractical to achieve within one year of the filing of the complaint, the parties shall be provided notice which shall state the reasons why it is impractical to achieve final disposition within one year.

Section 15-48 Withdrawal of complaint.

A complaint filed pursuant to this article may be withdrawn at any time by the complaining party upon notifying the OEO; however, the Director may continue action against the respondent if the facts establish reasonable cause to support a finding of discrimination and the Board approves such further action.

Section 15-49 Preservation of records.

Following service of the complaint in the manner provided herein, the respondent shall preserve all personnel records, property records, or any other written or documentary material relating to the complaint until the complaint has been resolved.

Section 15-50 Dismissal of complaint.

Any complaint filed pursuant to this article shall be dismissed by the Director or the Board upon the following grounds:

- (1) The complainant has failed or refused to cooperate or the complainant cannot be located after reasonable efforts to do so have been made and after at least ten (10) days' notice to the complainant by certified mail to the complainant's last known address and the complainant has failed to duly respond;
- (2) The complaint has not been timely filed with the OEO.
- (3) The Director determines that no reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory practice has occurred or is about to occur.

Section 15-51 Investigation procedure.

After the complaint has been filed, the OEO shall conduct an investigation. The OEO may utilize the services and information gathered from other public agencies charged with the administration of equal opportunity laws. The following procedures shall be followed:

- (1) Complaint verification. As part of the investigation process, the complaining party may be required to provide an additional sworn written statement, which shall include:
 - a. A statement of each particular harm or potential harm which the aggrieved person

108	has suffered or will suffer and the date on which each harm occurred or will occur;
109	b. For each harm, a statement specifying the act, policy or practice which is alleged
410	to be unlawful;
411	c. For each act, policy or practice alleged to have harmed the aggrieved person,
412	a statement of the facts which lead the complainant to believe that the act, policy or
413	practice is discriminatory.
414	(2) Requests for information. In investigating the complaint, the OEO may obtain
415	information by:
416	a. Oral interview and/or
417	b. Requests for written statement or affidavit and/or
418	c. Any discovery methods set forth in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.
419	(3) Complainant's duty to cooperate. The complainant shall appear or be available for
420	interviews and provide necessary information requested by the OEO pursuant to this
421	section. Failure to do so may result in dismissal of the complaint.
422	(4) Access to files during investigation. Information obtained during the investigation
423	of the complaint shall be disclosed only to the complainant, the respondent, or their
424	authorized representative, or to witnesses, only when disclosure is deemed
425	necessary by the Director for the investigation or for securing appropriate
426	disposition of the complaint. The Director may direct that a particular record,
427	document or portion thereof be withheld from inspection by a party only when
428	necessary for the protection of a witness or third party, or for the preservation of a
429	trade secret and in accordance with the provisions of the Florida Public Records Law
430	[F.S. § 119.01 et seq.].
431	Section 15-52 Determination of reasonable cause; notice.
432	(a) Upon completion of an investigation, if the issue(s) alleged in the complaint has not
433	been settled or withdrawn, the Director shall make a determination based on the
434	facts whether reasonable cause exists to believe that an unlawful discriminatory
435	practice has occurred or is about to occur.
436	(b) If a notice of determination of reasonable cause is issued, the notice shall include ar
437	invitation to participate in conciliation.

the OEO that pertain to the determination shall be open for public inspection in accordance with the provisions of the Florida Public Records Law [F.S. § 119.01, et seq.].

Section 15-53 Finding of reasonable cause; conciliation procedure.

- (a) During the period beginning with the filing of the complaint and ending with the final disposition, the OEO shall, to the extent feasible, engage in conciliation with respect to such complaint. Where such conciliation attempts are successful, the agreement shall be between the complainant, aggrieved person(s) and the respondent subject to approval by the Director. The terms of the agreement shall be reduced to writing and signed by the complainant, aggrieved person(s), the respondent and the Director. The original of the signed agreement shall be filed with the OEO, and copies shall be sent to the respondent, complainant, aggrieved person(s) and the Board.
- (b) When an agreement has not been signed, and the complaint has not been withdrawn or dismissed, the Director shall send a notice of failure of conciliation to the complainant and the respondent not less than thirty (30) days after issuance of a notice of determination of reasonable cause.
- (c) Nothing said or done in the course of the conciliation process may be made public or used as evidence in subsequent proceedings under sections 15-54 through 15-56 without the written consent of the parties. Any employee of the OEO who makes public any such information in violation of this provision shall be prosecuted in the same manner as a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in Florida Statutes Chapter 775. Final executed and approved conciliation agreements will be made public.

Section 15-54 Enforcement.

- (a) In any proceeding brought pursuant to this article, the burden of proof is on the complainant.
- (b) A complainant may commence a civil action under this article whether or not the complaint has been filed and without regard to the status of any such complaint.

 However, if the OEO has obtained an agreement with the consent of a complainant, no action may be filed under this article by such complainant with respect to the

alleged discriminatory housing practice which forms the basis for such complaint except for the purpose of enforcing the terms of such an agreement.

- (c) Whenever an action filed in either federal or state court pursuant to this article, or any federal or state laws protecting the same rights stated herein comes to trial, the OEO and the Board shall immediately terminate all efforts to obtain voluntary compliance.
- (d) If the Board of County Commissioners concludes at any time following the filing of a housing complaint that prompt judicial action is necessary to carry out the purposes of this article, the Board of County Commissioners shall direct the County Attorney to institute a civil action for appropriate temporary or preliminary relief pending final disposition of the complaint under this article. The commencement of a civil action under this subsection shall not affect the initiation or continuation of proceedings under this article. The Board of County Commissioners need not have petitioned for administrative hearing or exhausted the administrative remedies prior to requesting the commencement of a civil action.
- (e) The court may award actual and punitive damages and may impose the following civil penalties for each violation of this article:
 - (1) Up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), if the respondent has not been adjudged to have committed any prior discriminatory housing practice;
 - (2) Up to twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00), if the respondent has been adjudged by order of the Board or a court to have committed one (1) prior discriminatory housing practice within the preceding five-year period ending on the date of the filing of this complaint.
 - (3) Up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00), if the respondent has been adjudged by order of the Board or a court to have committed two (2) or more discriminatory housing practices within the preceding seven-year period ending on the date of the filing of this complaint; except that if the acts constituting the discriminatory housing practice that is the object of the charge are committed by the same natural person who has been previously adjudged to have committed acts constituting a discriminatory housing practice, then the civil penalties set forth in subparagraphs (2) and (3) may be imposed without regard to the period of time

501 within which any subsequent discriminatory housing practice occurred. 502 (f) In imposing a fine under subsection (e), the court shall consider the nature and 503 circumstances of the violation, the degree of culpability, the history of prior violations 504 of this article, the financial circumstances of the respondent, and the goal of deterring 505 future violations of this article. 506 (g) In addition to the above-stated fines, the court shall award reasonable attorney's 507 fees and costs to the County in any action in which the County prevails under this 508 article. 509 (h) The court may also grant injunctive and/or other appropriate equitable relief. 510 Section 15-55 Administrative remedies and other relief. 511 (a) A complainant, a respondent, or an aggrieved person on whose behalf a fair 512 housing complaint was filed under this article may elect to have the claims asserted in 513 that complaint decided in a civil action as provided by Section 15-56 of this 514 article, in lieu of a hearing provided by this section. (b) The election under this section must be made not later than the 20th day after the 515 516 date of issuance by the electing person of the notice of failure of conciliation, or in the case of the Director, not later than the 20th day after such service. The electing 517 person shall give notice to the Director and to all other complainants and respondents 518 519 to whom the complaint relates. 520 (c) The fair housing complainant may request an administrative proceeding before the 521 Board within thirty (30) days after receiving the notice of failure of conciliation. 522 Additionally, if the Director is unable to obtain voluntary compliance with this article 523 or has reasonable cause to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has 524 occurred, the Director may institute an administrative proceeding before the Board 525 on any Director-initiated complaint. (d) In conducting an administrative hearing to ascertain whether or not there has been a 526 violation of this article, the Board shall have the power to administer oaths, issue 527 528 subpoenas, compel the production of books, papers and other documents, and receive evidence. The Board shall conduct the administrative hearing in accordance 529 with the procedure provided in section 120.57, Florida Statutes, as amended. 530 (e) All recommended orders prepared by the Board as a result of such hearing or 531

532	hearings shall conform to the requirements for such orders as set out in section
533	120.57, Florida Statutes, as amended.
534	(f) The Board shall submit a copy of the order on each party to the administrative
535	proceedings. The recommended order shall be considered as the final order of the
536	Board as provided by section 120.57, Florida Statutes, as amended.
537	(g) Any party to such administrative proceedings shall have the right to appeal the
538	administrative order described herein by filing notice of appeal pursuant to Florida
539	Appellate Rule 9.110(a)(2) within thirty (30) days of the issuance of such order by
540	the Board. Any party shall have the right to bring an action in the appropriate court
541	to ensure compliance with this order.
542	(h) In case of refusal to obey a subpoena issued by the Board, the County or the person at
543	whose request it was issued may, in addition to any other remedies made
544	available, petition for its enforcement in the appropriate court.
545	(i) Should any party fail or refuse to comply with the final order issued or breach a
546	conciliation agreement as provided herein, then following the expiration of the
547	appeal time provided herein, the Board shall forward such order or conciliation
548	agreement to the Board of County Commissioners with a request that the Board of
549	County Commissioners authorize the County Attorney to bring such action or
550	actions as necessary to obtain compliance with this article.
551	(j) When any act is required or allowed to be done at or within a specified time by this
552	section, for cause shown, the Board, at any time in its discretion, and upon the
553	written request of a party, may order the period enlarged unless otherwise prohibited
554	by law.
555	(k) All written motions upon which a ruling is requested shall be filed at least ten (10)
556	days prior to the hearing date established by the Board. Such motions shall be
557	considered and ruled upon by the Board prior to the start of the hearing.
558	(l) All motions and orders thereon shall be made a part of the record of such
559	administrative proceedings.
560	(m) No appeal may be made from rulings on such motions until a final order has been
561	issued.
562	(n) If there are separately filed cases before the Board which involve similar issues of

563	law and fact and identity of parties, then such cases may be consolidated by the
564	Director for hearing before the Board.
565	(o) Discovery shall be permitted and shall proceed in the manner provided by the
566	Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.
567	(p) The Board may order a prehearing conference prior to any administrative hearing.
568	Prior to such conference the Board may direct that the parties submit a preconference
569	statement addressing the issues of law and fact that will be involved in such hearing,
570	identifying the witnesses that will testify, providing a list of all documents or
571	other exhibits that will be submitted, and providing such other information as
572	requested by the Board.
573	(q) The Director shall set the time and place of any administrative hearing. The Director
574	shall send notice by certified mail of such hearing to the parties no later than
575	fourteen (14) calendar days prior to the final hearing. Such notice requirement may be
576	waived with the written consent of all parties. The notice shall also contain:
577	(1) A statement of the nature of the hearing;
578	(2) A statement of the legal authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is to
579	be held;
580	(3) A reference to the statutes, ordinances and rules involved.
581	(r) Requests for subpoenas in any administrative proceeding shall be filed with the
582	OEO and forwarded to the Board. Such request shall set forth the name and
583	address of the person whose attendance is requested and shall describe with
584	particularity any material to be produced. Such subpoenas shall be issued by the
585	Board or the Director. The requesting party shall be responsible for service of any
586	subpoena.
587	(s) Any subpoena shall be subject to a motion to quash or a motion for protective order
588	before the appropriate court.
589	(t) The official transcript of a hearing shall be preserved by electronic recording or by a
590	court reporter.
591	(u) Should a party elect to provide a court reporter for a hearing, that party shall be
592	responsible for entire payment of the reporter's fee.
503	(v) If the Board finds that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to

occur, it shall issue an order prohibiting the practice and awarding affirmative relief from the effects of the practice, including actual damages and reasonable attorney's fees and costs, and other injunctive or equitable relief. To vindicate the public interest, the Board, may assess civil penalties against the respondent, consistent with the provisions of section 15.54 of this article. Funds recovered under this section shall be paid to the Board of County Commissioners' general fund.

- (w) If a timely election is made under this section, the County Attorney shall, not later than the 30th day after the election is made, file and maintain such action on behalf of the aggrieved person in a court of competent jurisdiction seeking relief as provided by state and/or federal law. However, if a timely civil action election is not made under subsection (b), the fair housing complainant may request an administrative proceeding.
- (x) An aggrieved person may intervene in the civil action filed under this section.

Section 15-56 Enforcement by private persons.

- (a) A civil action shall be commenced no later than two (2) years after the occurrence or the termination of an alleged discriminatory practice or the breach of a conciliation agreement entered into under this article, whichever occurs last, to obtain appropriate relief with respect to such discriminatory practice or breach. However, the court shall continue a civil case brought pursuant to this article from time to time before bringing it to trial if the court believes that the conciliation efforts of the OEO are likely to result in satisfactory settlement of the discriminatory practice complained of in the complaint made to the OEO and which practice forms the basis for the action in court.
- (b) The computation of such 2-year period shall not include any time during which the investigation was pending with respect to the complaint under this article based upon such discriminatory practice. This paragraph does not apply to actions arising from a breach of a conciliation agreement.
- (c) Any sale, encumbrance or rental consummated prior to the issuance of any court order issued under the authority of this article and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrance, or tenant without actual notice of the existence of the filing of a complaint or civil action under the provisions of this article shall not be affected.

(d) If the court finds that a discriminatory practice has occurred, it shall issue an order prohibiting the practice and providing affirmative relief from the effects of the practice, including injunctive and other equitable relief, actual and punitive damages, and reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

Sec. 15-57. Unlawful discriminatory practice in public accommodations.

It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for any person, being the owner, lessee, proprietor, manager, superintendent, agent or employee of any place of public accommodation, because of the race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status, or gender identity or expression of any person directly or indirectly to refuse, withhold from or deny to such person any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities or privileges thereof that are afforded the other customers, directly or indirectly; to publish, circulate, issue, display, post or mail any written or printed communication, notice or advertisement, to the effect that any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities and privileges of any such place shall be refused, withheld from or denied to any person on account of race, sex, color, religion, national origin disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status, or gender identity or expression, or that the patronage of any person belonging to any particular race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression is unwelcome, objectionable or not acceptable, desired or solicited.

Section 15-58 Discriminatory housing practices.

Except as provided in section 15-62 hereof, it shall be an unlawful discriminatory housing practice:

- (1) To refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer, or to refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any person because of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression.
- (2) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in the provisions of services or facilities in connection therewith, because of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status, or gender identity or expression.

656	(3) To make, print or publish, or cause to be made, printed or published, any notice,
657	statement or advertisement, with respect to the sale or rental of dwelling that
658	indicates any preference, limitation or discrimination based on race, sex, color,
659	religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital
660	status or gender identity or expression, or an intention to make any such preference,
661	limitation or discrimination.
662	(4) To represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin,
663	disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or
664	expression that any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale or rental when such
665	dwelling is in fact so available.
666	(5) For profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any
667	dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the
668	neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, sex, color, religion,
669	national origin disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or
670	gender identity or expression.
671	(6) To discriminate in the sale or rental, or to otherwise make unavailable or deny a
672	dwelling to any buyer or renter because of a disability of:
673	a. that buyer or renter,
674	b. a person residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is sold, rented,
675	or made available; or
676	c. any person associated with that buyer or renter.
677	(7) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of sale or
678	rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection
679	with such dwelling, because of a disability of:
680	a. that person; or
681	b. a person residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is sold, rented,
682	or made available; or
683	c. any person associated with that person.
684	(8) To refuse to permit, at the expense of a person with a disability, reasonable
685	modifications of existing premises occupied or to be occupied by such person if such

modifications may be necessary to afford such person full enjoyment of the

premises, except that, in the case of a rental, the landlord may, where it is reasonable to do so, condition permission for a modification on the renter agreeing to restore the interior of the premises to the condition that existed before the modification, reasonable wear and tear excepted. The landlord may not increase for persons with disabilities any customarily required security deposit. However, where it is necessary in order to ensure with reasonable certainty that funds will be available to pay for the restorations at the end of the tenancy, the landlord may negotiate, as part of a restoration agreement, a provision requiring that the tenant pay into an interest-bearing escrow account, over a reasonable period, a reasonable amount of money not to exceed the cost of the restorations. The interest in any such account shall accrue to the benefit of the tenant.

- (9) To refuse to make reasonable accommodations in rules, policies, practices or services, when such accommodations may be necessary to afford a person with a disability equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling.
- (10) To fail to design and construct multifamily dwellings for first occupancy after March 13, 1991, in such a manner that:
 - a. The public use and common use portions of such dwellings are readily accessible to and usable by persons with a disability;
 - b. All the doors designed to allow passage into and within all premises within such dwellings are sufficiently wide to allow passage by persons with disabilities who utilize wheelchairs;
 - c. All premises within such dwellings contain the following features of adaptive design: an accessible route into and through the dwelling; light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats, and other environmental controls in accessible locations; reinforcements in bathroom walls to allow later installation of grab bars; and usable kitchen and bathrooms such that an individual who utilizes a wheelchair can maneuver about the space; and,
 - d. Compliance with the appropriate requirements of the American National Standards Institute for buildings and facilities providing accessibility and usability for persons with physical disabilities (commonly cited as "ANSI A 117.1") suffices to satisfy the requirements of this article.

- 718 (11) To retaliate or discriminate in any manner against a person who has opposed a
 719 practice declared discriminatory by this article, or who has filed a complaint, testified,
 720 assisted or participated in any manner in any investigation, proceeding, hearing or
 721 conference under this article.
 - (12) To aid, abet, incite, compel or coerce any person to engage in any of the practices prohibited by this article; or to obstruct or prevent any person from complying with the provision of this article; or any order issued there under.
 - (13) To resist, prevent, impede or interfere with the Board or any of its members or representatives in the lawful performance of its or their duty under this article.
 - (14) To initiate maliciously, frivolously or in bad faith any complaint under the provisions of this article for the purposes of harassment.
 - (15) To intimidate, threaten, coerce or interfere with the exercise or enjoyment of, or on account of having exercised or enjoyed, or on account of having aided or encouraged any other person in the exercise or enjoyment of, any right granted or protected by this article.

Section 15-59 Discrimination in the financing of housing.

It shall be an unlawful discriminatory housing practice of any bank, building and loan association, insurance company or other corporation, association, firm or enterprise whose business consists in whole or in part in the making of commercial real estate loans, to deny a loan or other financial assistance to any person applying therefore for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing or maintaining a dwelling or to discriminate against him/her in the fixing of the amount, interest rate, duration, or other terms or conditions as such loan or other financial assistance, because of the race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression of such person or any person associated with him/her in connection with such loan or other financial assistance, or the purposes of such loan or other financial assistance of the present or prospective owners, lessees, tenants or occupants, of the dwelling or dwellings in relation to which such loan or other financial assistance is to be made or given; provided that nothing contained in this section shall impair the scope of effectiveness of the exceptions set forth in section 15-62.

Section 15-60 Discrimination in the provision of brokerage services.

It shall be an unlawful discriminatory housing practice to deny any person who is otherwise professionally qualified by state law and subject to the rules and regulations of the Florida Real Estate Commission, provided the local board of realtors does not discriminate in its membership policies on the basis of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression, access to or membership or participation in any multiple listing service, real estate brokers' organization or other service, organization or facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings, or to discriminate against any person in the terms or conditions of such access, membership or participation, on account of race, sex, color, religion, national origin disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression.

Section 15-61 Discrimination in residential real estate related transactions.

It shall be an unlawful discriminatory housing practice for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in residential real estate related transactions to discriminate against any person in making available such a transaction, or in the terms or conditions of such a transaction because of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression.

Section 15-62 Limitations and exceptions—Housing practices.

- (a) The prohibitions set forth in sections 15-57 through 15-80 shall not apply to a religious organization, association or society, or any nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised or controlled by or in conjunction with a religious organization, association or society, from limiting the sale, rental or occupancy of dwellings which it owns or operates for other than commercial purposes to persons of the same religion, or from giving preference to such persons, unless membership in such religion is restricted on account of race, sex, color, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression.
- (b) The prohibitions set forth in sections 15-58—15-60 shall not apply to rooms or units in dwellings containing living quarters occupied or intended to be occupied by no more than four (4) families living independently of each other if the owner actually maintains and occupies one of such living quarters, provided such rooms

or units are sold or rented without the use in any manner of the sales or rental facilities or the sales or rental services of any real estate broker or real estate salesperson or person in the business of selling or renting dwellings and/or without the publication, posting or mailing of any advertisement or written document in contravention of section 15-58; but this shall not prohibit the use of any attorney, escrow agents, abstractors, title companies and such other professional assistance as is necessary to perfect or transfer title to a dwelling.

- (c) The prohibitions set forth in sections 15-58 through 15-60 shall not apply to any single-family dwelling unit sold or rented by an owner who does not own more than three (3) such single-family dwelling units at any one time if such unit is sold or rented without the use in any manner of the sales or rental facilities or the sales or rental services of any real estate broker or real estate salesperson or person in the business of selling or renting dwellings and/or without the publication, posting or mailing of any advertisement or written document in contravention of section 15-58; but this shall not prohibit the use of any attorney, escrow agents, abstractors, title companies and such other professional assistance as is necessary to perfect or transfer title to a dwelling.
- (d) For the purposes of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, a person shall be deemed to be in the business of selling or renting dwellings and said exceptions shall not apply if:
 - (1) That person has, within the preceding twelve (12) months, participated as principal in three or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein; or
 - (2) That person has, within the preceding twelve (12) months, participated as agent, other than in the sale of his/her own personal residence, in providing sales or rental facilities or sales or rental services in two (2) or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein; or
 - (3) That person is the owner of any dwelling designed for or intended for occupancy by, or occupied by, five (5) or more families.
- (e) The prohibitions set forth in sections 15-57 through 15-60 shall not apply to a person or owner who wishes to rent a portion of a single dwelling unit to a person

811	or persons of the same sex when such persons live in the single dwelling unit.
812	(f) Housing for older persons shall be exempted from the provisions regarding familial
813	status. Housing for older persons may also maintain only those age restrictions
814	necessary in order to be designated as housing for older persons.
815	(g) Nothing in this article:
816	(1) Prohibits a person engaged in the business of furnishing appraisals of real
817	property from taking into consideration factors other than race, sex, color,
818	religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital
819	status, or gender identity or expression.
820	(2) Limits the applicability of any reasonable local government restrictions regarding
821	the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy a dwelling.
822	(3) Requires that a dwelling be made available to an individual whose tenancy would
823	constitute a direct threat to the health or safety of other individuals or whose
824	tenancy would result in substantial physical damage to the property of others.
825	(4) Prohibits conduct against a person because such person has been convicted by
826	any court of competent jurisdiction of the illegal manufacture or distribution of
827	a controlled substance as defined by Florida Statutes, Chapter 893.
828	(h) An individual who engages in conduct with a reasonable good faith reliance on the
829	existence of the exemption of this article relating to housing for older persons is not
830	personally liable for money damages for a violation of this article. For the purposes
831	of this paragraph (h), a person engaged in the business or residential real estate
832	transactions is presumed to have such a good faith reliance if that person has no
833	actual knowledge that the housing facility is not or will not be eligible for the
834	housing for older persons exemption and the housing facility gives such a person a
835	written certification stating the compliance of the facility with the requirements for the
836	housing for older persons.
837	Section 15-63 Limitations and exceptions — Public accommodations.
838	The prohibitions set forth in section 15-57 shall not be applied to:
839	(1) Limit of the use of a restroom to persons of one (1) sex;
840	(2) A religious organization, association or society or any nonprofit institution or
841	organization operating, supervised or controlled by or in conjunction with a religious

organization, association or society from limiting facilities and accommodations,
which it owns or operates, for other than a commercial purpose, to persons of the
same religion or from giving preference to such persons; and,

(3) Any institution or place of accommodation that is in its nature distinctly private.

Section 15-64 Limitations and exceptions – Physical disability.

Nothing in this article requires any person renting or selling a dwelling constructed for first occupancy before March 13, 1991, to modify, alter or adjust the dwelling in order to provide physical accessibility except as otherwise required by law and as provided in this article.

Section 15-65. Applicability.

It is hereby provided that this Ordinance shall constitute a uniform law applicable in all the unincorporated and incorporated areas of Palm Beach County, Florida, to the extent permitted under the Florida Constitution, Article VIII, Section I.

Section 15-66. Repeal of Laws in Conflict.

All local laws and ordinances applying to the unincorporated area of Palm Beach County in conflict with any provision of this article are hereby repealed to the extent of any conflict.

Section 15-67, Savings Clause.

All complaints, investigations, orders, hearing processes, and all other functions of the OEO and Board, initiated or completed pursuant to Ordinance 90-1, as amended by 07-042, shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 15-68. Severability.

If any section, paragraph, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this Ordinance is for any reason held by the Court to be unconstitutional, inoperative or void, it is the intent of the Board of County Commissioners that such holding shall not affect the remainder of this Ordinance.

Section 15-69. Inclusion in the Code of Laws and Ordinances.

The provisions of this Ordinance shall become and be made a part of the Code of Laws and Ordinances of Palm Beach County, Florida. The sections of this Ordinance may be renumbered or re-lettered to accomplish such, and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article," or any other appropriate word.

873	Section 15-70. Captions.
874	The captions, section headings, and section designations used in this Ordinance are for
875	convenience only and shall have no effect on the interpretation of the provisions of this
876	Ordinance.
877	Section 15-71. Short Title.
878	The Ordinance shall be known and cited as the Palm Beach County Housing and Places
879	of Public Accommodation Ordinance.
880	Section 15-72. EFFECTIVE DATE: The provisions of this ordinance shall become
881	effective upon filing with the Department of State.
882	APPROVED and ADOPTED by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach
883	County, Florida, on this the day of, 20
884 885	CLERK AND COMPTROLLER PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA, BY ITS BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
886 887 888	By: By: Sharon R. Bock Shelley Vana, Mayor
889 890 891	APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGAL SUFFICIENCY
892 893	By: County Attorney
894	EFFECTIVE DATE: Filed with the Department of State on the day of
895	, 20
896 897	g:\wpdata\envir\dottey\office of equal opportunity\housing, places of public accommodation\housing and places of public accommodation ord as amended 2015.docx

ORDINANCE NO. 2015-

AN **ORDINANCE OF** THE **BOARD** OF **COUNTY** COMMISSIONERS OF PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA, AMENDING PALM BEACH COUNTY CODE, CHAPTER 15 ARTICLE III, CODIFYING ORDINANCE NO. 2014-019, THE PALM BEACH COUNTY ORDINANCE FOR EQUAL OPPORTUNITY TO HOUSING AND PLACES OF PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION; AMENDING THE DEFINITION OF PLACE OF PUBLIC ACCOMMODATIONS PROVIDING FOR REPEAL OF LAWS IN CONFLICT; PROVIDING FOR SAVINGS CLAUSE; PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE OF LAWS AND ORDINANCES; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

1	WHEREAS, Section 125.01 Florida Statutes, as amended, authorizes the Board of
2	County Commissioners of Palm Beach County to provide and maintain for the citizens and
3	visitors of said County, standards which will ensure their health, wealth, and well being; and
4	WHEREAS, Section 125.01 Florida Statutes, as amended, provides that the Board of County
5	Commissioners of Palm Beach County may adopt ordinances and resolutions as may be necessary to the
6	exercise of their powers; and
7	WHEREAS, it is the public policy of the United States of America to provide for fair housing and
8	access to public accommodations throughout the United States and the policy of Palm Beach County,
9	Florida, to also so provide; and
10	WHEREAS, discrimination in housing and in places of public accommodation deprives
11	individuals of their basic right to associate, causes friction among groups in society, and adversely affects
12	the public health, safety, and welfare; and
13	WHEREAS, since the Board of County Commissioners originally enacted the Housing and Places
14	of Public Accommodation Ordinance No. 90-1, it has been necessary to amend it from time to time in
15	order to best serve the citizens and visitors of Palm Beach County and provide for their general safety and
16	welfare; and
17	WHEREAS, a Fair Housing Board was established in 1990, to assist, advise and cooperate with
18	the Board of County Commissioners and local, state and federal agencies to protect the interest of the
19	public regarding fair treatment and equal opportunity and access in housing and public accommodation,
20	and to carry out adjudicatory functions pertaining to alleged unlawful discriminatory acts or practices; and
21	WHEREAS, it is necessary to amend the Ordinance to expand the definition of a Place of
22	Public Accommodation to provide additional coverage for aggrieved persons.
23	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY

25 III, of the Palm Beach County Code, "Housing, Places of Public Accommodation," (Ordinance 26 No. 2014-019, as amended), is hereby amended as follows: 27 Section 15-37 Definitions. 28 When used herein: 29 (1) Person includes one (1) or more individuals, partnerships, associations, corporations, 30 unincorporated organizations, legal representatives, trustees and trusts, trustees in 31 bankruptcy, labor organizations, mutual companies, joint-stock companies, receivers, 32 or fiduciaries. 33 (2) The term unlawful discriminatory practice includes only those practices specified in 34 sections 15-57 through 15-61 hereof. 35 (3) The term Board, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context, 36 means the Fair Housing Board, created by section 15-39. 37 (4) Place of public accommodation shall include the following establishments: 38 a. Any inn, hotel, motel or other establishment which provides lodging to transient 39 guests, other than an establishment located within a building which contains not 40 more than five (5) rooms for rent or hire and which is actually occupied by the 41 proprietor of such establishment as his/her residence; b. Any restaurant, bar, cafeteria, lunchroom, lunch counter, soda fountain, or 42 43 other facility principally engaged in selling food for consumption on the 44 premises, including but not limited to any such facility located on the premises 45 of any retail establishment; c. Any motion picture house, theater, concert hall, sports arena, stadium or other 46 47 place of exhibition or entertainment; 48 d. An auditorium, convention center, lecture hall or other place of public gathering; 49 e. A bakery, grocery store, clothing store, hardware store, shopping center, or other 50 sales or retail establishment; f. A Laundromat, dry-cleaner, bank, barber shop, beauty shop, travel service, shoe 51 52 repair service, funeral parlor, gas station, office of an accountant or lawyer, 53 pharmacy, insurance office, health care provider, hospital or other service 54 establishment;

55	g. A terminal, depot or other station used for a specified public transportation
56	including but not limited to taxis, limousines and buses;
57	h. A museum, library, gallery or other place of public display or collection;
58	i. A park, zoo, amusement park or other place of recreation;
59	j. A nursery, elementary, secondary, undergraduate or postgraduate private school, or
60	other place of education;
61	k. A day care center, senior citizen center, homeless shelter, food bank, adoption
62	agency or other social service center establishment;
63	l. A gymnasium, health spa, bowling alley, golf course, or other place of exercise or
64	recreation;
65	m. Any area or structure provided for the purpose of storing personal property; and,
66	<u>n</u> . Any establishment:
67	(i) 1. Which is physically located within the premises of any establishment
68	otherwise covered by this subsection; or
69	2. Within the premises of which is physically located any such covered
70	establishment; and
71	(ii) Which holds itself out as serving patrons of such covered establishment.
72	Such term shall not include any institution, club or place of
73	accommodation which is in its nature distinctly private and not in fact open
74	to the public.
75	(5) Dwelling or housing means any real property, building, mobile home or trailer,
76	structure or portion thereof which is used or occupied as, or is intended, arranged or
77	designed to be used or occupied as, the home, residence or sleeping place of one (1)
78	or more families, and any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for the
79	construction or location thereon of any such building, structure or portion thereof.
80	(6) To rent includes to lease, to sublease, to let and otherwise to grant for a consideration
81	the right to occupy premises not owned by the occupant.
82	(7) The term family includes the grandparents, parents, children, brothers and sisters,
83	whether by marriage, legal adoption or blood, and their spouses and children, of
84	either the property owner or spouse of the property owner; and the term "family"

85	also includes a single individual.
86	(8) The term <i>complainant</i> shall mean the person filing the complaint pursuant to this
87	article.
88	(9) The term <i>respondent</i> shall mean the person or other entity accused in the complaint of
89	an unlawful discriminatory practice and any other person or entity identified in the
90	course of investigation not named as a respondent in the initial complaint who may
91	be joined as an additional or substitute respondent upon written notice.
92	(10) Disability means with respect to a person:
93	a. A physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one (1) or more of
94	such person's major life activities.
95	b. A record of such an impairment; or
96	c. Being regarded as having such an impairment.
97	d. Disability does not include the current illegal use or addiction to a controlled
98	substance (as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substance Act
99	(21U.S.C.802).
100	e. As used throughout this article, prohibitions against discrimination on the basis of
101	disability includes disabilities of the patron, buyer or renter, or of a person
102	residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is sold, rented, or
103	made available or of any person associated with the buyer, or renter or
104	patron.
105	(11) Familial status means one (1) or more individuals (who have not attained the age of
106	eighteen (18) years being domiciled with:
107	a. A parent or another person having legal custody of such individual or individuals;
108	or
109	b. The designee of such parent or other person having such custody, with the
110	written permission of such parent or other person. The protection afforded
111	against discrimination on the basis of familial status shall apply to any person who
112	is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any individual who has
113	not attained the age of eighteen (18) years.
114	(12) Sexual orientation means male or female homosexuality, heterosexuality or

bisexuality, by preference or practice.

116	(13) Conciliation means the attempted resolution of issues raised by the complaint, or by
117	the investigation of such complaint, through informal negotiations involving the
118	complainant, the respondent, and the Office of Equal Opportunity.
119	(14) Conciliation agreement means a written agreement setting forth the resolution of the
120	issues in conciliation.
121	(15) Prevailing party has the same meaning as such term has in section 722 of the
122	Revised Statutes of the United States (42 U.S.C. 1988).
123	(16) Multifamily dwelling means:
124	a. Buildings consisting of four (4) or more units if such buildings have one (1) or
125	more elevators; and
126	b. Ground floor units in other buildings consisting of four (4) or more units.
127	(17) Residential real estate related transaction means any of the following:
128	a. The making or purchasing of loans or providing other financial assistance:
129	(i) for purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing or maintaining a dwelling; or
130	(ii) secured by residential real estate.
131	b. The selling, brokering or appraising of residential real property.
132	c. Nothing in this article prohibits a person engaged in the business of furnishing
133	appraisals of real property to take into consideration factors other than race, sex,
134	color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age,
135	marital status, or gender identity or expression.
136	(18) Housing for older persons means housing:
137	a. Provided under any state or federal program that the OEO or the Board
138	determines is specifically designed and operated to assist elderly persons, as
139	defined in the state or federal program; or
140	b. Intended for, and solely occupied by, persons sixty-two (62) years of age or
141	older; or
142	c. Intended and operated for occupancy by at least one (1) person fifty-five (55)
143	years of age or older per unit in eighty (80) percent of the units, provided that the
144	occupancy of such housing can be verified in accordance with rules
145	established by the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and

provided that the housing facility publishes and adheres to policies and procedures that demonstrate the intent to provide housing for older persons.

- d. Housing shall not fail to be considered housing for older persons if:
 - (i) A person who resides in such housing on or after September 13, 1988, does not meet the age requirements of this subsection provided that any new occupant meets such age requirements; or
 - (ii) One (1) or more units are unoccupied, provided that any unoccupied units are reserved for occupancy by persons who meet the age requirements of this subsection.
- e. In determining whether housing meets the requirements of housing for older persons, the County will utilize current federal regulations regarding criteria for housing for older persons.
- (19) Gender identity or expression means a gender-related identity, appearance, expression or behavior of an individual, regardless of the individual's assigned sex at birth.
- (20) OEO means the Palm Beach County Office of Equal Opportunity.
- 161 (21) *Director* means the director of the OEO.

Section 15-38 Office of Equal Opportunity (OEO).

The County Administrator exercising his/her power of appointment shall employ a Director ("Director") of the OEO and such other personnel in the OEO as may be provided for in the budget approved by the Board of County Commissioners and for which an appropriation has been made. The staffing complement shall be referred to as the OEO. It shall be the responsibility of the Director and/or the Director's designee to investigate complaints of discrimination prohibited by this article, attempt to conciliate and mediate complaints of discrimination, and to perform such other duties of an administrative nature as may be assigned by the County Administrator.

Section 15-39 Fair Housing Board (Board).

The Board is hereby created and established. The Board is to be comprised of nine (9) citizens of the county appointed by the Board of County Commissioners to serve for terms of three (3) years. There shall be a limit of three consecutive three-year terms. Terms shall begin on October 1st, and end on September 30th. All Board members must be residents of Palm Beach County at the time of appointment and while serving on the Board. Board appointments should reflect, to the greatest extent

possible, the racial, gender and ethnic make-up of the community. Members of this Board shall be the same as members of the Equal Employment Board created by the Palm Beach County Equal Employment Ordinance as codified in Sections 2-261-2-313 of the Palm Beach County Code. Seven (7) of the appointments shall be made as district appointments and two (2) of the appointments shall be made at large by the Board of County Commissioners on the basis of community representation, integrity, experience and interest in the area of equal opportunities. In order that the terms of office of all members shall not expire at the same time, all current members of the Board shall serve the remainder of their respective terms, if they so elect. Any member who elects not to serve the remainder of their term shall be replaced by appointments made by the Board of County Commissioners to serve the unexpired portion of the term. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments for the remainder of the vacant term. Each member shall serve without compensation. Travel reimbursement is limited to expenses incurred only for travel outside Palm Beach County necessary to fulfill Board member responsibilities when sufficient funds have been budgeted and are available as set forth in PPM CW-O-038. No other expenses are reimbursable except documented long distance phone calls to the OEO. Approval authority for pre-authorized Board member travel is designated to the County Administrator and Deputy County Administrator and shall be in accordance with Countywide Policy and Procedures Memoranda (PPM) CW-F-009. Each district appointee serves at the pleasure of the appointing Commissioner and may be removed without cause by the appointing Commissioner at any time, and at large appointees may be removed without cause by a majority vote of the Board of County Commissioners at any time. The maximum number of boards that an individual appointed by the Board of County Commissioners may serve on at one time shall be three (3), however, membership on the Equal Employment Board and this Board shall only be considered membership on one (1) advisory board. Members shall comply with the applicable provisions of the Palm Beach County Code of Ethics, as codified in Section 2-441 through 2-448 of the Palm Beach County Code and the State Code of Ethics. Abstention from voting due to a conflict of interest on more than three (3) separate matters during a calendar year shall result in automatic removal. Members shall be automatically removed for lack of attendance. Lack of attendance is defined as failure to attend three (3) consecutive meetings or failure to attend more than one-half (1/2) of the meetings scheduled during a calendar year. Participation for less than three fourths (3/4) of a meeting shall be the same as failure to attend a meeting. Members removed pursuant to this paragraph shall not continue to serve on the Board and such removal shall create a vacancy. Board members shall not be prohibited from qualifying as a candidate for elected office. County employees, other

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than Commissioners' Aides, may not be appointed to the Board. Former Board of County Commission members may not be appointed to the Board for at least two (2) years following their last day in office as a County Commissioner. Members of the Board shall appoint a chairperson and vice-chairperson, and the Board may promulgate rules and regulations for the conduct of its meetings and affairs.

Section 15-40 Board terms, rules and regulations.

The following rules and regulations shall govern the operation of the Board:

- (1) The chairperson of the Board shall be elected by majority vote of the Board and shall serve for a term of one (1) year and have the following duties:
 - a. Call Board meetings and set the agenda for the same.
 - b. Preside at Board meetings.
 - c. Sign subpoenas.
 - d. Perform such other functions as the Board may assign by rule or order.
- (2) The vice-chairperson shall be elected by majority vote of the Board and shall serve for a term of one (1) year. The vice-chairperson shall perform the duties of the chairperson in the chairperson's absence and such other duties as the chairperson may assign.
- (3) If a vacancy occurs in the office of chairperson, the vice-chairperson shall become the chairperson for the unexpired term of the chairperson. If a vacancy occurs in the office of vice-chairperson, the Board will elect another member to fill the unexpired term of the vice-chairperson.
- (4) At least three (3) members of the Board or any other odd number shall constitute a hearing panel for the purpose of hearing discrimination complaints. A majority of members appointed shall constitute a quorum to hold a meeting for any other purpose. Board business shall be taken by a majority vote.
- (5) All meetings shall be governed by Robert's Rules of Order.

Section 15-41 Board meetings.

The Board shall comply with the Sunshine Law. The Board shall meet on a regular basis and as necessary to conduct administrative hearings. Reasonable notice of the time and place of the meeting shall be given to all Board members and all parties scheduled to be heard,

and shall be made public. All meetings of the Board shall be open to the public. The chairperson may call an unscheduled meeting upon not less than twenty-four (24) hours notice, and preferably at least seventy-two (72) hours reasonable notice to the public, and meetings may also be called by the Director upon the request of three (3) members of the Board. The County Administrator shall provide such staff as may reasonably be required in his/her discretion to assist the Board in the performance of its duties. The County Administrator shall provide a regular meeting place for the Board.

Section 15-42 Objectives of the Board.

The objectives of the Board shall be:

- (1) To promote and encourage fair treatment and equal opportunity in housing and public accommodation for all persons regardless of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status, or gender identity or expression; to promote and encourage mutual understanding and respect among such persons and to endeavor to eliminate discrimination in housing and public accommodation against and antagonism between such persons;
- (2) To cooperate with governmental and nongovernmental agencies and organizations having like or kindred functions;
- (3) To make such investigations and studies in the field of fair housing and public accommodation as in its judgment will aid in effectuating its general purposes;
- (4) To assist various groups and agencies of the community to cooperate in educational programs and campaigns devoted to the elimination of discrimination in housing and places of public accommodation;
- (5) To aid in permitting the County to benefit from the fullest realization of its housing and public accommodation resources;
- (6) To recommend to the Board of County Commissioners the acceptance of certain grants and contracts from foundations and other sources for the purposes of carrying out the purposes of this article; and,
- (7) To recommend to the Board of County Commissioners methods for elimination of discrimination and intergroup tensions. The objectives set forth above are not to be construed as duties, and the Board of County Commissioners shall have the discretion to determine when each objective is implemented.

status, sexual orientation, age, marital status, or gender identity or expression.

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matters involving race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial

- b. Discrimination against any person by any person with regard to housing and public accommodation matters on the basis of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status, or gender identity or expression.
- (2) To have access during an investigation, at all reasonable times, to premises, and may examine records, documents, and other evidence or possible sources of evidence, and record the testimony or statements of such persons as are reasonably necessary for the furtherance of the investigation provided that the Director and/or the Director's designee complies with the provisions of the federal and state constitutions relating to unreasonable searches and seizures.
- (3) To attempt to conciliate and mediate complaints of discrimination brought pursuant to this article.
- (4) To prepare conciliation agreements embodying any agreement reached by the parties relating to the complaint, and advise the Board of such agreement.
- (5) To dismiss complaints of discrimination upon a finding of no reasonable cause under this article.
- (6) To administer oaths.

(7) To exercise all powers reasonable and necessary to fulfill the purposes of this article.

Section 15-45 Filing of complaints.

Any person who claims to have been injured by an unlawful discriminatory practice or who believes that he/she will be injured by an unlawful discriminatory practice that is about to occur may file a sworn written complaint with the OEO, which shall state the name and address of the complainant and the person or persons against whom the complaint is made. It shall also state the facts surrounding the alleged unlawful discriminatory practice and such other information as may be required by the OEO. The Director, with the Board's approval, may also file such a complaint. The complaint shall be filed not later than one (1) year after the date of the alleged unlawful discriminatory practice in order to be processed under this article. The complaint may be reasonably and fairly amended at any time.

Section 15-46 Notice of complaint.

Upon the filing of the complaint, the Director shall serve notice upon the aggrieved person acknowledging such filing and advising the aggrieved person of the time limits and

choice of forums provided under this article. The Director or the Director's designee shall, not later than ten (10) days after such filing or the identification of an additional respondent, serve on the respondent a notice, by certified mail, identifying the alleged discriminatory housing practice and advising such respondent of the procedural rights and obligations of respondents under this article, together with a copy of the original complaint. The respondent may file a sworn written answer to the complaint within ten (10) days of receipt of the complaint. Failure to file an answer by the respondent shall not result in any presumption of admission to the allegations in the complaint. Any subsequent amendment to the complaint or answer thereto shall be served by U.S. mail.

Section 15-47 Processing complaints.

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The OEO shall commence its investigation under this article within thirty (30) days of the receipt of a sworn written complaint. Within one hundred (100) days of the filing of the complaint as set forth in section 15-45, the staff of the OEO shall make such investigation as the Director deems appropriate to ascertain facts and issues. If the OEO is unable to complete the investigation within one hundred (100) days after the filing of the complaint, they shall notify the complainant and the respondent in writing of the reasons for not doing so. In conducting an investigation to ascertain whether or not there has been a violation of this article, the Director and/or the Director's designee shall have access at all reasonable times to premises, and may examine records, documents, and other evidence, or possible sources of evidence, and may record the testimony or statements of such persons as are reasonably necessary for the furtherance of the investigation provided that the OEO complies with the provisions of the federal and state constitutions relating to unreasonable searches and seizures. The Director, the Director's designee or the Board may issue subpoenas to compel access to, or the production of, such materials, or the appearance of such persons, and may issue interrogatories to a respondent to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the subpoenas or interrogatories were issued or served in aid of a civil action in court. In the case of a refusal to obey a subpoena issued to any person, or refusal to comply with any method of discovery authorized in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, the Board and/or the Director shall request the County Attorney to make application to the appropriate court to order the witness to comply with a request for discovery, or to appear before the Board and to produce evidence, if so requested, or to give testimony concerning the matter in question. Failure to obey the order may be punishable by the court as contempt. The Director and/or the Board may

administer oaths. The OEO shall endeavor to achieve final administrative disposition of the complaint within one (1) year of its filing, unless it is impracticable to do so. If final administrative disposition is impractical to achieve within one year of the filing of the complaint, the parties shall be provided notice which shall state the reasons why it is impractical to achieve final disposition within one year.

Section 15-48 Withdrawal of complaint.

A complaint filed pursuant to this article may be withdrawn at any time by the complaining party upon notifying the OEO; however, the Director may continue action against the respondent if the facts establish reasonable cause to support a finding of discrimination and the Board approves such further action.

Section 15-49 Preservation of records.

Following service of the complaint in the manner provided herein, the respondent shall preserve all personnel records, property records, or any other written or documentary material relating to the complaint until the complaint has been resolved.

Section 15-50 Dismissal of complaint.

Any complaint filed pursuant to this article shall be dismissed by the Director or the Board upon the following grounds:

- (1) The complainant has failed or refused to cooperate or the complainant cannot be located after reasonable efforts to do so have been made and after at least ten (10) days' notice to the complainant by certified mail to the complainant's last known address and the complainant has failed to duly respond;
- (2) The complaint has not been timely filed with the OEO.
- (3) The Director determines that no reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory practice has occurred or is about to occur.

Section 15-51 Investigation procedure.

After the complaint has been filed, the OEO shall conduct an investigation. The OEO may utilize the services and information gathered from other public agencies charged with the administration of equal opportunity laws. The following procedures shall be followed:

(1) Complaint verification. As part of the investigation process, the complaining party may be required to provide an additional sworn written statement, which shall include:

394 a. A statement of each particular harm or potential harm which the aggrieved person 395 has suffered or will suffer and the date on which each harm occurred or will occur; 396 b. For each harm, a statement specifying the act, policy or practice which is alleged 397 to be unlawful; 398 c. For each act, policy or practice alleged to have harmed the aggrieved person, 399 a statement of the facts which lead the complainant to believe that the act, policy or 400 practice is discriminatory. 401 (2) Requests for information. In investigating the complaint, the OEO may obtain 402 information by: 403 a. Oral interview and/or 404 b. Requests for written statement or affidavit and/or 405 c. Any discovery methods set forth in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. 406 (3) Complainant's duty to cooperate. The complainant shall appear or be available for 407 interviews and provide necessary information requested by the OEO pursuant to this 408 section. Failure to do so may result in dismissal of the complaint. 409 (4) Access to files during investigation. Information obtained during the investigation 410 of the complaint shall be disclosed only to the complainant, the respondent, or their authorized representative, or to witnesses, only when disclosure is deemed 411 412 necessary by the Director for the investigation or for securing appropriate 413 disposition of the complaint. The Director may direct that a particular record, 414 document or portion thereof be withheld from inspection by a party only when 415 necessary for the protection of a witness or third party, or for the preservation of a 416 trade secret and in accordance with the provisions of the Florida Public Records Law 417 [F.S. § 119.01 et seq.]. 418 Section 15-52 Determination of reasonable cause; notice. 419 (a) Upon completion of an investigation, if the issue(s) alleged in the complaint has not been settled or withdrawn, the Director shall make a determination based on the 420 421 facts whether reasonable cause exists to believe that an unlawful discriminatory practice has occurred or is about to occur. 422

invitation to participate in conciliation.

(b) If a notice of determination of reasonable cause is issued, the notice shall include an

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(c) After service of a notice of determination, records and documents in the custody of the OEO that pertain to the determination shall be open for public inspection in accordance with the provisions of the Florida Public Records Law [F.S. § 119.01, et seq.].

Section 15-53 Finding of reasonable cause; conciliation procedure.

- (a) During the period beginning with the filing of the complaint and ending with the final disposition, the OEO shall, to the extent feasible, engage in conciliation with respect to such complaint. Where such conciliation attempts are successful, the agreement shall be between the complainant, aggrieved person(s) and the respondent subject to approval by the Director. The terms of the agreement shall be reduced to writing and signed by the complainant, aggrieved person(s), the respondent and the Director. The original of the signed agreement shall be filed with the OEO, and copies shall be sent to the respondent, complainant, aggrieved person(s) and the Board.
- (b) When an agreement has not been signed, and the complaint has not been withdrawn or dismissed, the Director shall send a notice of failure of conciliation to the complainant and the respondent not less than thirty (30) days after issuance of a notice of determination of reasonable cause.
- (c) Nothing said or done in the course of the conciliation process may be made public or used as evidence in subsequent proceedings under sections 15-54 through 15-56 without the written consent of the parties. Any employee of the OEO who makes public any such information in violation of this provision shall be prosecuted in the same manner as a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in Florida Statutes Chapter 775. Final executed and approved conciliation agreements will be made public.

Section 15-54 Enforcement.

- (a) In any proceeding brought pursuant to this article, the burden of proof is on the complainant.
- (b) A complainant may commence a civil action under this article whether or not the complaint has been filed and without regard to the status of any such complaint.

 However, if the OEO has obtained an agreement with the consent of a complainant,

no action may be filed under this article by such complainant with respect to the alleged discriminatory housing practice which forms the basis for such complaint except for the purpose of enforcing the terms of such an agreement.

- (c) Whenever an action filed in either federal or state court pursuant to this article, or any federal or state laws protecting the same rights stated herein comes to trial, the OEO and the Board shall immediately terminate all efforts to obtain voluntary compliance.
- (d) If the Board of County Commissioners concludes at any time following the filing of a housing complaint that prompt judicial action is necessary to carry out the purposes of this article, the Board of County Commissioners shall direct the County Attorney to institute a civil action for appropriate temporary or preliminary relief pending final disposition of the complaint under this article. The commencement of a civil action under this subsection shall not affect the initiation or continuation of proceedings under this article. The Board of County Commissioners need not have petitioned for administrative hearing or exhausted the administrative remedies prior to requesting the commencement of a civil action.
- (e) The court may award actual and punitive damages and may impose the following civil penalties for each violation of this article:
 - (1) Up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), if the respondent has not been adjudged to have committed any prior discriminatory housing practice;
 - (2) Up to twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00), if the respondent has been adjudged by order of the Board or a court to have committed one (1) prior discriminatory housing practice within the preceding five-year period ending on the date of the filing of this complaint.
 - (3) Up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00), if the respondent has been adjudged by order of the Board or a court to have committed two (2) or more discriminatory housing practices within the preceding seven-year period ending on the date of the filing of this complaint; except that if the acts constituting the discriminatory housing practice that is the object of the charge are committed by the same natural person who has been previously adjudged to have committed acts constituting a discriminatory housing practice, then the civil penalties set forth

in subparagraphs (2) and (3) may be imposed without regard to the period of time
within which any subsequent discriminatory housing practice occurred.

(f) In imposing a fine under subsection (e), the court shall consider the nature and

- (f) In imposing a fine under subsection (e), the court shall consider the nature and circumstances of the violation, the degree of culpability, the history of prior violations of this article, the financial circumstances of the respondent, and the goal of deterring future violations of this article.
- (g) In addition to the above-stated fines, the court shall award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the County in any action in which the County prevails under this article.
- (h) The court may also grant injunctive and/or other appropriate equitable relief.

Section 15-55 Administrative remedies and other relief.

- (a) A complainant, a respondent, or an aggrieved person on whose behalf a fair housing complaint was filed under this article may elect to have the claims asserted in that complaint decided in a civil action as provided by Section 15-56 of this article, in lieu of a hearing provided by this section.
- (b) The election under this section must be made not later than the 20th day after the date of issuance by the electing person of the notice of failure of conciliation, or in the case of the Director, not later than the 20th day after such service. The electing person shall give notice to the Director and to all other complainants and respondents to whom the complaint relates.
- (c) The fair housing complainant may request an administrative proceeding before the Board within thirty (30) days after receiving the notice of failure of conciliation. Additionally, if the Director is unable to obtain voluntary compliance with this article or has reasonable cause to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred, the Director may institute an administrative proceeding before the Board on any Director-initiated complaint.
- (d) In conducting an administrative hearing to ascertain whether or not there has been a violation of this article, the Board shall have the power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas, compel the production of books, papers and other documents, and receive evidence. The Board shall conduct the administrative hearing in accordance with the procedure provided in section 120.57, Florida Statutes, as amended.

- 518 (e) All recommended orders prepared by the Board as a result of such hearing or 519 hearings shall conform to the requirements for such orders as set out in section 120.57, Florida Statutes, as amended. 520 521 (f) The Board shall submit a copy of the order on each party to the administrative 522 proceedings. The recommended order shall be considered as the final order of the 523 Board as provided by section 120.57, Florida Statutes, as amended. 524 (g) Any party to such administrative proceedings shall have the right to appeal the 525 administrative order described herein by filing notice of appeal pursuant to Florida 526 Appellate Rule 9.110(a)(2) within thirty (30) days of the issuance of such order by 527 the Board. Any party shall have the right to bring an action in the appropriate court 528 to ensure compliance with this order. 529 (h) In case of refusal to obey a subpoena issued by the Board, the County or the person at 530 whose request it was issued may, in addition to any other remedies made available, petition for its enforcement in the appropriate court. 531 532 (i) Should any party fail or refuse to comply with the final order issued or breach a 533 conciliation agreement as provided herein, then following the expiration of the 534 appeal time provided herein, the Board shall forward such order or conciliation 535 agreement to the Board of County Commissioners with a request that the Board of 536 County Commissioners authorize the County Attorney to bring such action or
 - actions as necessary to obtain compliance with this article.

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- (j) When any act is required or allowed to be done at or within a specified time by this section, for cause shown, the Board, at any time in its discretion, and upon the written request of a party, may order the period enlarged unless otherwise prohibited by law.
- (k) All written motions upon which a ruling is requested shall be filed at least ten (10) days prior to the hearing date established by the Board. Such motions shall be considered and ruled upon by the Board prior to the start of the hearing.
- (1) All motions and orders thereon shall be made a part of the record of such administrative proceedings.
- (m) No appeal may be made from rulings on such motions until a final order has been issued.

549	(n) If there are separately filed cases before the Board which involve similar issues of
550	law and fact and identity of parties, then such cases may be consolidated by the
551	Director for hearing before the Board.
552	(o) Discovery shall be permitted and shall proceed in the manner provided by the
553	Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.
554	(p) The Board may order a prehearing conference prior to any administrative hearing.
555	Prior to such conference the Board may direct that the parties submit a preconference
556	statement addressing the issues of law and fact that will be involved in such hearing,
557	identifying the witnesses that will testify, providing a list of all documents or
558	other exhibits that will be submitted, and providing such other information as
559	requested by the Board.
560	(q) The Director shall set the time and place of any administrative hearing. The Director
561	shall send notice by certified mail of such hearing to the parties no later than
562	fourteen (14) calendar days prior to the final hearing. Such notice requirement may be
563	waived with the written consent of all parties. The notice shall also contain:
564	(1) A statement of the nature of the hearing;
565	(2) A statement of the legal authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is to
566	be held;
567	(3) A reference to the statutes, ordinances and rules involved.
568	(r) Requests for subpoenas in any administrative proceeding shall be filed with the
569	OEO and forwarded to the Board. Such request shall set forth the name and
570	address of the person whose attendance is requested and shall describe with
571	particularity any material to be produced. Such subpoenas shall be issued by the
572	Board or the Director. The requesting party shall be responsible for service of any
573	subpoena.
574	(s) Any subpoena shall be subject to a motion to quash or a motion for protective order
575	before the appropriate court.
576	(t) The official transcript of a hearing shall be preserved by electronic recording or by a
577	court reporter.
578	(u) Should a party elect to provide a court reporter for a hearing, that party shall be
579	responsible for entire payment of the reporter's fee.

- (v) If the Board finds that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, it shall issue an order prohibiting the practice and awarding affirmative relief from the effects of the practice, including actual damages and reasonable attorney's fees and costs, and other injunctive or equitable relief. To vindicate the public interest, the Board, may assess civil penalties against the respondent, consistent with the provisions of section 15.54 of this article. Funds recovered under this section shall be paid to the Board of County Commissioners' general fund.
- (w) If a timely election is made under this section, the County Attorney shall, not later than the 30th day after the election is made, file and maintain such action on behalf of the aggrieved person in a court of competent jurisdiction seeking relief as provided by state and/or federal law. However, if a timely civil action election is not made under subsection (b), the fair housing complainant may request an administrative proceeding.
- (x) An aggrieved person may intervene in the civil action filed under this section.

Section 15-56 Enforcement by private persons.

- (a) A civil action shall be commenced no later than two (2) years after the occurrence or the termination of an alleged discriminatory practice or the breach of a conciliation agreement entered into under this article, whichever occurs last, to obtain appropriate relief with respect to such discriminatory practice or breach. However, the court shall continue a civil case brought pursuant to this article from time to time before bringing it to trial if the court believes that the conciliation efforts of the OEO are likely to result in satisfactory settlement of the discriminatory practice complained of in the complaint made to the OEO and which practice forms the basis for the action in court.
- (b) The computation of such 2-year period shall not include any time during which the investigation was pending with respect to the complaint under this article based upon such discriminatory practice. This paragraph does not apply to actions arising from a breach of a conciliation agreement.
- (c) Any sale, encumbrance or rental consummated prior to the issuance of any court order issued under the authority of this article and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrance, or tenant without actual notice of the existence of the filing of a

complaint or civil action under the provisions of this article shall not be affected.

(d) If the court finds that a discriminatory practice has occurred, it shall issue an order prohibiting the practice and providing affirmative relief from the effects of the practice, including injunctive and other equitable relief, actual and punitive damages, and reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

Sec. 15-57. Unlawful discriminatory practice in public accommodations.

It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for any person, being the owner, lessee, proprietor, manager, superintendent, agent or employee of any place of public accommodation, because of the race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status, or gender identity or expression of any person directly or indirectly to refuse, withhold from or deny to such person any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities or privileges thereof that are afforded the other customers, directly or indirectly; to publish, circulate, issue, display, post or mail any written or printed communication, notice or advertisement, to the effect that any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities and privileges of any such place shall be refused, withheld from or denied to any person on account of race, sex, color, religion, national origin disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status, or gender identity or expression, or that the patronage of any person belonging to any particular race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression is unwelcome, objectionable or not acceptable, desired or solicited.

Section 15-58 Discriminatory housing practices.

Except as provided in section 15-62 hereof, it shall be an unlawful discriminatory housing practice:

- (1) To refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer, or to refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any person because of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression.
- (2) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in the provisions of services or facilities in connection therewith, because of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, familial status,

642	sexual orientation, age, marital status, or gender identity or expression.
643	(3) To make, print or publish, or cause to be made, printed or published, any notice,
644	statement or advertisement, with respect to the sale or rental of dwelling that
645	indicates any preference, limitation or discrimination based on race, sex, color,
646	religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital
647	status or gender identity or expression, or an intention to make any such preference,
648	limitation or discrimination.
649	(4) To represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin,
650	disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or
651	expression that any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale or rental when such
652	dwelling is in fact so available.
653	(5) For profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any
654	dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the
655	neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, sex, color, religion,
656	national origin disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or
657	gender identity or expression.
658	(6) To discriminate in the sale or rental, or to otherwise make unavailable or deny a
659	dwelling to any buyer or renter because of a disability of:
660	a. that buyer or renter,
661	b. a person residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is sold, rented,
662	or made available; or
663	c. any person associated with that buyer or renter.
664	(7) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of sale or
665	rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection
666	with such dwelling, because of a disability of:
667	a. that person; or
668	b. a person residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is sold, rented,
669	or made available; or
670	c. any person associated with that person.
671	(8) To refuse to permit, at the expense of a person with a disability, reasonable
672	modifications of existing premises occupied or to be occupied by such person if such

modifications may be necessary to afford such person full enjoyment of the premises, except that, in the case of a rental, the landlord may, where it is reasonable to do so, condition permission for a modification on the renter agreeing to restore the interior of the premises to the condition that existed before the modification, reasonable wear and tear excepted. The landlord may not increase for persons with disabilities any customarily required security deposit. However, where it is necessary in order to ensure with reasonable certainty that funds will be available to pay for the restorations at the end of the tenancy, the landlord may negotiate, as part of a restoration agreement, a provision requiring that the tenant pay into an interest-bearing escrow account, over a reasonable period, a reasonable amount of money not to exceed the cost of the restorations. The interest in any such account shall accrue to the benefit of the tenant.

(9) To refuse to make reasonable accommodations in rules, policies, practices or services, when such accommodations may be necessary to afford a person with a disability equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling.

- (10) To fail to design and construct multifamily dwellings for first occupancy after March 13, 1991, in such a manner that:
 - a. The public use and common use portions of such dwellings are readily accessible to and usable by persons with a disability;
 - b. All the doors designed to allow passage into and within all premises within such dwellings are sufficiently wide to allow passage by persons with disabilities who utilize wheelchairs;
 - c. All premises within such dwellings contain the following features of adaptive design: an accessible route into and through the dwelling; light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats, and other environmental controls in accessible locations; reinforcements in bathroom walls to allow later installation of grab bars; and usable kitchen and bathrooms such that an individual who utilizes a wheelchair can maneuver about the space; and,
 - d. Compliance with the appropriate requirements of the American National
 Standards Institute for buildings and facilities providing accessibility and
 usability for persons with physical disabilities (commonly cited as "ANSI A

117.1") suffices to satisfy the requirements of this article.

- (11) To retaliate or discriminate in any manner against a person who has opposed a practice declared discriminatory by this article, or who has filed a complaint, testified, assisted or participated in any manner in any investigation, proceeding, hearing or conference under this article.
 - (12) To aid, abet, incite, compel or coerce any person to engage in any of the practices prohibited by this article; or to obstruct or prevent any person from complying with the provision of this article; or any order issued there under.
 - (13) To resist, prevent, impede or interfere with the Board or any of its members or representatives in the lawful performance of its or their duty under this article.
 - (14) To initiate maliciously, frivolously or in bad faith any complaint under the provisions of this article for the purposes of harassment.
 - (15) To intimidate, threaten, coerce or interfere with the exercise or enjoyment of, or on account of having exercised or enjoyed, or on account of having aided or encouraged any other person in the exercise or enjoyment of, any right granted or protected by this article.

Section 15-59 Discrimination in the financing of housing.

It shall be an unlawful discriminatory housing practice of any bank, building and loan association, insurance company or other corporation, association, firm or enterprise whose business consists in whole or in part in the making of commercial real estate loans, to deny a loan or other financial assistance to any person applying therefore for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing or maintaining a dwelling or to discriminate against him/her in the fixing of the amount, interest rate, duration, or other terms or conditions as such loan or other financial assistance, because of the race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression of such person or any person associated with him/her in connection with such loan or other financial assistance, or the purposes of such loan or other financial assistance of the present or prospective owners, lessees, tenants or occupants, of the dwelling or dwellings in relation to which such loan or other financial assistance is to be made or given; provided that nothing contained in this section shall impair the scope of effectiveness of the exceptions set forth in section 15-62.

Section 15-60 Discrimination in the provision of brokerage services.

It shall be an unlawful discriminatory housing practice to deny any person who is otherwise professionally qualified by state law and subject to the rules and regulations of the Florida Real Estate Commission, provided the local board of realtors does not discriminate in its membership policies on the basis of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression, access to or membership or participation in any multiple listing service, real estate brokers' organization or other service, organization or facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings, or to discriminate against any person in the terms or conditions of such access, membership or participation, on account of race, sex, color, religion, national origin disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression.

Section 15-61 Discrimination in residential real estate related transactions.

It shall be an unlawful discriminatory housing practice for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in residential real estate related transactions to discriminate against any person in making available such a transaction, or in the terms or conditions of such a transaction because of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression.

Section 15-62 Limitations and exceptions—Housing practices.

- (a) The prohibitions set forth in sections 15-57 through 15-80 shall not apply to a religious organization, association or society, or any nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised or controlled by or in conjunction with a religious organization, association or society, from limiting the sale, rental or occupancy of dwellings which it owns or operates for other than commercial purposes to persons of the same religion, or from giving preference to such persons, unless membership in such religion is restricted on account of race, sex, color, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital status or gender identity or expression.
- (b) The prohibitions set forth in sections 15-58—15-60 shall not apply to rooms or units in dwellings containing living quarters occupied or intended to be occupied by no more than four (4) families living independently of each other if the owner actually maintains and occupies one of such living quarters, provided such rooms

or units are sold or rented without the use in any manner of the sales or rental facilities or the sales or rental services of any real estate broker or real estate salesperson or person in the business of selling or renting dwellings and/or without the publication, posting or mailing of any advertisement or written document in contravention of section 15-58; but this shall not prohibit the use of any attorney, escrow agents, abstractors, title companies and such other professional assistance as is necessary to perfect or transfer title to a dwelling.

- (c) The prohibitions set forth in sections 15-58 through 15-60 shall not apply to any single-family dwelling unit sold or rented by an owner who does not own more than three (3) such single-family dwelling units at any one time if such unit is sold or rented without the use in any manner of the sales or rental facilities or the sales or rental services of any real estate broker or real estate salesperson or person in the business of selling or renting dwellings and/or without the publication, posting or mailing of any advertisement or written document in contravention of section 15-58; but this shall not prohibit the use of any attorney, escrow agents, abstractors, title companies and such other professional assistance as is necessary to perfect or transfer title to a dwelling.
- (d) For the purposes of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, a person shall be deemed to be in the business of selling or renting dwellings and said exceptions shall not apply if:
 - (1) That person has, within the preceding twelve (12) months, participated as principal in three or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein; or
 - (2) That person has, within the preceding twelve (12) months, participated as agent, other than in the sale of his/her own personal residence, in providing sales or rental facilities or sales or rental services in two (2) or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein; or
 - (3) That person is the owner of any dwelling designed for or intended for occupancy by, or occupied by, five (5) or more families.
- (e) The prohibitions set forth in sections 15-57 through 15-60 shall not apply to a person or owner who wishes to rent a portion of a single dwelling unit to a person

797 or persons of the same sex when such persons live in the single dwelling unit. (f) Housing for older persons shall be exempted from the provisions regarding familial 798 799 status. Housing for older persons may also maintain only those age restrictions necessary in order to be designated as housing for older persons. 800 801 (g) Nothing in this article: 802 (1) Prohibits a person engaged in the business of furnishing appraisals of real 803 property from taking into consideration factors other than race, sex, color, 804 religion, national origin, disability, familial status, sexual orientation, age, marital 805 status, or gender identity or expression. 806 (2) Limits the applicability of any reasonable local government restrictions regarding 807 the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy a dwelling. 808 (3) Requires that a dwelling be made available to an individual whose tenancy would 809 constitute a direct threat to the health or safety of other individuals or whose 810 tenancy would result in substantial physical damage to the property of others. 811 (4) Prohibits conduct against a person because such person has been convicted by 812 any court of competent jurisdiction of the illegal manufacture or distribution of 813 a controlled substance as defined by Florida Statutes, Chapter 893. 814 (h) An individual who engages in conduct with a reasonable good faith reliance on the 815 existence of the exemption of this article relating to housing for older persons is not 816 personally liable for money damages for a violation of this article. For the purposes 817 of this paragraph (h), a person engaged in the business or residential real estate 818 transactions is presumed to have such a good faith reliance if that person has no 819 actual knowledge that the housing facility is not or will not be eligible for the 820 housing for older persons exemption and the housing facility gives such a person a 821 written certification stating the compliance of the facility with the requirements for the 822 housing for older persons. 823 Section 15-63 Limitations and exceptions — Public accommodations. The prohibitions set forth in section 15-57 shall not be applied to: 824 (1) Limit of the use of a restroom to persons of one (1) sex; 825

organization operating, supervised or controlled by or in conjunction with a religious

(2) A religious organization, association or society or any nonprofit institution or

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organization, association or society from limiting facilities and accommodations,
which it owns or operates, for other than a commercial purpose, to persons of the
same religion or from giving preference to such persons; and,

(3) Any institution or place of accommodation that is in its nature distinctly private.

Section 15-64 Limitations and exceptions – Physical disability.

Nothing in this article requires any person renting or selling a dwelling constructed for first occupancy before March 13, 1991, to modify, alter or adjust the dwelling in order to provide physical accessibility except as otherwise required by law and as provided in this article.

Section 15-65. Applicability.

It is hereby provided that this Ordinance shall constitute a uniform law applicable in all the unincorporated and incorporated areas of Palm Beach County, Florida, to the extent permitted under the Florida Constitution, Article VIII, Section I.

Section 15-66. Repeal of Laws in Conflict.

All local laws and ordinances applying to the unincorporated area of Palm Beach County in conflict with any provision of this article are hereby repealed to the extent of any conflict.

Section 15-67. Savings Clause.

All complaints, investigations, orders, hearing processes, and all other functions of the OEO and Board, initiated or completed pursuant to Ordinance 90-1, as amended by 07-042, shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 15-68. Severability.

If any section, paragraph, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this Ordinance is for any reason held by the Court to be unconstitutional, inoperative or void, it is the intent of the Board of County Commissioners that such holding shall not affect the remainder of this Ordinance.

Section 15-69. Inclusion in the Code of Laws and Ordinances.

The provisions of this Ordinance shall become and be made a part of the Code of Laws and Ordinances of Palm Beach County, Florida. The sections of this Ordinance may be renumbered or re-lettered to accomplish such, and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article," or any other appropriate word.

859	Section 15-70. Captions.
860	The captions, section headings, and section designations used in this Ordinance are for
861	convenience only and shall have no effect on the interpretation of the provisions of this
862	Ordinance.
863	Section 15-71. Short Title.
864	The Ordinance shall be known and cited as the Palm Beach County Housing and Places
865	of Public Accommodation Ordinance.
866	Section 15-72. EFFECTIVE DATE: The provisions of this ordinance shall become
867	effective upon filing with the Department of State.
868	APPROVED and ADOPTED by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach
869	County, Florida, on this the day of, 20
870 871	CLERK AND COMPTROLLER PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA, BY ITS BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
872	By:
873	Sharon R. Bock Shelley Vana, Mayor
874 875	APPROVED AS TO FORM AND
876	LEGAL SUFFICIENCY
877	By:
878	By: County Attorney
879	EFFECTIVE DATE: Filed with the Department of State on the day of
880	
881 882	G:\WPDATA\ENVIR\DOttey\Office of Equal Opportunity\Housing, Places of Public Accommodation\Housing and Places of Public Accommodation Ord Amended 2015 (clean).docx